Factoring is "Un-Multiplying"

FAC 1

Instructions: Factor each number. (One factor has already been given, so you just need to find the missing factor.)

$$1 \quad 24 = \underline{6} \times \underline{4}$$

$$10 = 2 \times$$

$$5 25 = 5 \times$$

$$8 49 = 7 \times$$

9
$$21 = 3 \times$$

10
$$18 = 9 \times$$

$$45 = 9 \times$$

$$77 = 7 \times$$

15
$$18 = 3 \times$$

$$81 = 9 \times$$

18
$$100 = 2 \times$$

$$64 = 8 \times$$

Factoring: More Than One Answer

FAC 2

Instructions: List two different factor pairs that will multiply to give you the number shown. (Do not use pairs that include the factor 1.)



Name:		
Date:		

Finding Factors by Testing for Divisibility

FAC 3

Instructions: Test for divisibility by dividing the bigger number by the smaller number. If there is no remainder, then the smaller number you tested IS a factor of the bigger number. Mark the correct box.

Examples

Is 3 a factor of 15?

X Yes

 \square No



$$\begin{array}{c|c}
5 & \text{r0} \\
\hline
3 & 15 \\
-15 & \text{no remainder, so} \\
\hline
0 & 3 \text{ is a factor of } 15
\end{array}$$

Is 7 a factor of 20?

☐ Yes

X No

2 r	6
7)20	remainder! 7 is NOT a factor of 20

1	Is 2 a factor	of 18	?
	18 2 a lactul	01 10	ì

- ☐ Yes
-] No

- Is 4 a factor of 16?
 - ☐ Yes
 - \square No

- ☐ Yes

- Is 8 a factor of 18?
 - ☐ Yes

- ☐ Yes

- Is 6 a factor of 30?
 - **Yes**
 - \square No

- ☐ Yes

- Is 3 a factor of 21?
 - **Yes**

- ☐ Yes

- Is 6 a factor of 40? 10
 - ☐ Yes
 - \square No



Name:		
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Using Divisibility Rules

FAC 4

Note: Testing for divisibility by dividing will always work, but sometimes it's not necessary. There are some rules about divisibility that you can sometimes use to quickly tell if a number is a factor of another number. This can be very helpful when you are testing larger numbers!

Divisibility Rules

- 1. If the last digit is even, then the number is divisible by 2.
- 2. If the sum of a number's digits is divisible by 3, then the number is divisible by 3.

 3. If the last digit is a 0 or a 5, then the number is divisible by 5. 4. If the last digit is a 0, then the number is divisible by 10. 				
(There are oth	There are other divisibility rules, but some are more work than just dividing with a calculator!)			
Instructions: Mark the corre	Use the divisibility rules to decide if the test nect box.	iumbei	r is a factor of the bigger number.	
1	Is 2 a factor of 136?	2	Is 5 a factor of 182?	
	Yes No No		☐ Yes ☐ No	
3	Is 2 a factor of 423?	4	Is 3 a factor of 141?	
	☐ Yes ☐ No		☐ Yes ☐ No	
5	Is 5 a factor of 270?	6	Is 2 a factor of 712?	
	☐ Yes ☐ No		☐ Yes ☐ No	
7	Is 3 a factor of 51?	8	Is 10 a factor of 330?	
	☐ Yes ☐ No		☐ Yes ☐ No	
9	Is 3 a factor of 323?	10	Is 5 a factor of 995?	
	☐ Yes ☐ No		☐ Yes ☐ No	



Name:		
Date:		

Finding All the Factors of a Number

FAC 5

Instructions: List all the factors of the number shown by doing a divisibility test for each number that is less than or equal to half of the number you are finding factors of. Using a calculator for the divisibility tests is recommended. Remember that 1 and the number itself are always factors. (Hint: You can also use a multiplication table to help you find all the factors.)

- 1 2 5 10 10 factor list:
- 8 factor list:
- 12 factor list:
- 15 factor list:
- 5 16 factor list:
- 20 factor list:
- 21 factor list:
- 8 25 factor list:
- 9 30 factor list: